

CBO ESTIMATE FOR DIVISIONS A AND B OF H.J.RES. 124—A JOINT RESOLUTION MAKING FURTHER ADDITIONAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2018, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES, AS INTRODUCED (DISCRETIONARY SPENDING ONLY)

		Fiscal Year 2018 Appropriations, in Millions of Dollars							
		Constrained by Caps ^a			Cap Adjustments ^b				Total ^c
		ATB				Disaster	Program	Emergency	
House Subcommittee		Appropriations	Reduction ^d	Total	OCO/GWOT	Relief	Integrity	Requirements ^e	
Agriculture ^{e,f,g}	BA:	21,106	-155	20,951	0	0	0	1,270	22,22
	O:	22,053	-101	21,952	0	0	0	1,270	23,222
Commerce, Justice, Science	BA:	52,575	-447	52,128	0	0	0	0	52,128
	O:	64,291	-291	64,000	0	0	0	0	64,000
Defense ^h	BA:	584,169	n.a.	584,169	75,112	0	0	4,486	663,767
	O:	553,725	n.a.	553,725	39,396	0	0	801	593,922
Energy and Water	BA:	37,969	-261	37,708	0	0	0	0	37,708
	O:	38,464	-153	38,311	0	0	0	0	38,311
Financial Services ^{e,g}	BA:	21,465	-159	21,306	0	0	0	0	21,306
	O:	23,335	-133	23,202	0	0	0	286	23,488
Homeland Security ^{e,i}	BA:	42,479	-295	42,184	163	6,713	0	34,670	83,730
	O:	47,171	-192	46,979	126	336	0	17,369	64,810
Interior and Environment ^e	BA:	32,114	-196	31,918	0	0	0	577	32,495
	O:	32,507	-129	32,378	0	0	0	577	32,955
Labor, HHS, Education ^{f,j}	BA:	166,790	-1,155	165,635	0	0	1,960	0	167,595
	O:	170,014	-496	169,518	0	0	1,635	0	171,153
Legislative Branch	BA:	4,436	-30	4,406	0	0	0	0	4,406
	O:	4,378	-25	4,353	0	0	0	0	4,353
Military Construction, VA ^h	BA:	85,675	-584	85,091	433	0	0	200	85,724
	O:	83,897	-444	83,453	2	0	0	2	83,457
State, Foreign Operations	BA:	36,850	-254	36,596	20,784	0	0	0	57,380
	O:	46,597	-111	46,486	6,461	0	0	0	52,947
Transportation, HUD ^e	BA:	56,822	-461	56,361	0	0	0	0	56,361
	O:	120,202	-376	119,826	0	0	0	160	119,986
Total	BA:	1,142,450	-3,997	1,138,453	96,492	6,713	1,960	41,203	1,284,821
	O:	1,206,634	-2,451	1,204,183	45,985	336	1,635	20,465	1,272,604

Source: Congressional Budget Office.

Notes: ATB = Across the Board; BA = budget authority; O = outlays; HHS = Health and Human Services; HUD = Housing and Urban Development; VA = Veterans Affairs;

OCO/GWOT = Overseas Contingency Operations/Global War on Terrorism.

H.J.Res. 124, as introduced, contains four divisions: Division A contains the Further Additional Continuing Appropriations Act, 2018; Division B contains the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2018, and the Department of Defense Missile Defeat and Defense Enhancements Appropriations Act, 2018; Division C contains the CHAMPIONING HEALTHY KIDS ACT; and Division D contains appropriations for the Veterans Choice Fund.

Division A would amend Division D of P.L. 115-56 (the Continuing Appropriations Act, 2018) to, with certain exceptions, provide for the continuation through January 19, 2018, of the appropriations and authorities contained in the fiscal year 2017 appropriations acts, including Division A of P.L. 114-223, the Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2017; Division B of P.L. 114-254, the Security Assistance Appropriations Act, 2017; and Divisions A-L of P.L. 115-31, the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2017.

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CBO ESTIMATE FOR DIVISIONS A AND B OF H.J.RES. 124—A JOINT RESOLUTION MAKING FURTHER ADDITIONAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2018, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES, AS INTRODUCED

Continued

Division B of H.J. Res. 124 (Defense Appropriations) contains two subdivisions: Subdivision 1 contains the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2018, which would provide funding for the remainder of fiscal year 2018 to the Department of Defense. Subdivision 2 contains the Department of Defense Missile Defeat and Defense Enhancements Appropriations Act, 2018, which would provide additional supplemental appropriations for fiscal year 2018 to the Department of Defense for missile defense activities.

The amounts shown in this report also include the fiscal year 2018 budgetary effects of supplemental appropriations for fiscal year 2017 that were provided in the Supplemental Appropriations for Disaster Relief Requirements Act, 2017 (Division B of P.L. 115-56), as well as supplemental appropriations provided by P.L. 115-72.

Except where otherwise noted, the amounts shown in Table 1 are shown on an annualized basis.

- a. In fiscal year 2018, most discretionary budget authority is subject to limits as described in the Budget Control Act of 2011 (P.L. 112-25). In its *Sequestration Update Report: August 2017*, CBO estimated that those limits would total \$1,064,806 million—\$549,057 million for defense programs and \$515,749 million for nondefense programs.
- b. Designated pursuant to section 251(b)(2) of the Deficit Control Act; spending limits for fiscal year 2018 would be adjusted to accommodate these amounts.
- c. CBO estimates that if the levels of budget authority provided by P.L. 115-56 and other appropriations legislation were extended for the remainder of fiscal year 2018, the amount of discretionary budget authority provided for fiscal year 2018 would exceed the limit on defense programs by \$69,932 million and would exceed the limit on nondefense programs by \$3,715 million; extending those levels of funding for the duration of fiscal year 2018 would require a sequestration. However, section 101(2) of Division A of H.J.Res. 124 would nullify any potential sequestration ordered for defense programs in fiscal year 2018, and would delay any potential sequestration order for nondefense programs until 15 days after January 19, 2018. The authority to determine whether a sequestration is required and, if so, how to make the necessary cuts in budget authority rests with OMB.
- d. Section 101(b) of Division D of P.L. 115-56 contains an across-the-board reduction of 0.6791 percent, which would be applied to the amounts continued by Section 101(a) that are constrained by the discretionary caps. Because Division B Provides full-year appropriations for the Department of Defense, no amounts within the jurisdiction of the Defense subcommittee are subject to the across-the-board reduction.
- e. Division B of P.L. 115-56 provided \$15,250 million in supplemental budget authority for disaster relief requirements for fiscal year 2017, resulting in estimated outlays of \$3,406 million in fiscal year 2018. In addition, P.L. 115-72 provided an additional \$36,517 million in budget authority resulting in estimated outlays of \$16,256 million in fiscal year 2018. Both laws designated those amounts as emergency requirements pursuant to section 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (Deficit Control Act). All amounts shown in this report as being for “Emergency Requirements” were, or would be, provided by appropriations or authorities in place for the entirety of fiscal year 2018.
- f. Pursuant to sections 1001-1004 of the 21st Century Cures Act (Public Law 114-255), certain funding provided to the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS)—in particular the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and the National Institutes of Health (NIH)—in 2017 through 2026 shall not count for the purposes of the Deficit Control Act or the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974. The amounts shown in this report do not include \$866 million in budget authority and \$706 million in associated outlays assumed to continue in fiscal year 2018 within the following subcommittees’ jurisdictions: \$20 million in budget authority and \$12 million in outlays for the FDA (Agriculture); and \$846 million in budget authority and \$694 million in outlays for HHS, which includes \$497 million in budget authority for state responses to the opioid abuse crisis, and \$349 million for NIH (Labor, HHS, Education).
- g. Historically, the Appropriations Committee in each chamber has provided funding for the Commodity Futures Trading Commission in different subcommittees: the House proposes this funding within the Agriculture subcommittee’s jurisdiction, while the Senate includes their recommended levels within the Financial Services subcommittee’s jurisdiction. This report includes \$250 million in budget authority and \$261 million in associated outlays, proposed to be continued by Section 101(a) of Division D, within the jurisdiction of the Agriculture subcommittee. Those amounts do not reflect the across-the-board reduction included in section 101(b).
- h. Division B of H.J.Res 124 contains full year appropriations for fiscal year 2018 within the jurisdiction of the Defense and Military Construction, VA subcommittees. All amounts in this report under the jurisdiction of the Defense subcommittee are provided for the full year. Within the jurisdiction of the Military Construction, VA subcommittee, only the \$200 million in budget authority for emergency requirements is available for the entirety of fiscal year 2018.
- i. Sections 540-542 of the Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2017, extended several visa programs through the end of fiscal year 2017. CBO estimates that extending those authorities through the end of fiscal year 2018 would increase on-budget direct spending by \$1 million in fiscal year 2018, \$18 million over the 2018-2022 period, and \$44 million over the 2018-2027 period. In addition, CBO estimates that continuing those authorities would decrease off-budget direct spending by \$1 million over the 2018-2022 period, and by \$7 million over the 2022-2027 period. Further, CBO estimates that continuing those authorities would increase revenues by \$2 million in fiscal year 2018; would decrease revenues by \$2 million over the 2018-2022 period; and would decrease revenues by \$7 million over the 2018-2027 period. Those changes in revenues are not shown in this table.
- j. Section 226 of the Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education Act, 2017, delayed implementation of the recommendations of the United States Preventive Services Task Force with respect to breast cancer screening, mammography, and prevention through January 1, 2019. CBO estimates that extending that delay through January 1, 2020, would increase direct spending budget authority and outlays by \$14 million in fiscal year 2019, and by \$6 million in fiscal year 2020. In addition, CBO estimates that extending the delay through January 1, 2020, would decrease revenues by \$23 million in fiscal year 2019 (of which \$6 million would be off-budget) and would decrease revenues by \$9 million in fiscal year 2020, (of which \$2 million would be off-budget). Those amounts are not shown in this table.

Table 2. Discretionary Appropriations Constrained by the Caps, Fiscal Year 2018, by Defense and Nondefense Funding

December 16, 2017

CBO ESTIMATE FOR DIVISIONS A AND B OF H.J.RES. 124—A JOINT RESOLUTION MAKING FURTHER ADDITIONAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2018, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES, AS INTRODUCED (DISCRETIONARY SPENDING ONLY)

		Fiscal Year 2018 Appropriations Constrained by Caps, in Millions of Dollars ^{a,b,c}		
House Subcommittee		Defense	Nondefense	Total
Agriculture	BA:	0	20,951	20,951
	O:	0	21,952	21,952
Commerce, Justice, Science	BA:	5,164	46,964	52,128
	O:	5,163	58,837	64,000
Defense	BA:	584,038	131	584,169
	O:	553,576	149	553,725
Energy and Water	BA:	19,907	17,801	37,708
	O:	19,801	18,510	38,311
Financial Services	BA:	33	21,273	21,306
	O:	32	23,170	23,202
Homeland Security	BA:	1,862	40,322	42,184
	O:	1,792	45,187	46,979
Interior and Environment	BA:	0	31,918	31,918
	O:	0	32,378	32,378
Labor, HHS, Education	BA:	0	165,635	165,635
	O:	0	169,518	169,518
Legislative Branch	BA:	0	4,406	4,406
	O:	0	4,353	4,353
Military Construction, VA	BA:	7,687	77,404	85,091
	O:	7,842	75,611	83,453
State, Foreign Operations	BA:	0	36,596	36,596
	O:	0	46,486	46,486
Transportation, HUD	BA:	298	56,063	56,361
	O:	298	119,528	119,826
Total	BA:	618,989	519,464	1,138,453
	O:	588,504	615,679	1,204,183

Source: Congressional Budget Office.

Notes: BA = budget authority; O = outlays; HHS = Health and Human Services; HUD = Housing and Urban Development; VA = Veterans Affairs.

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Division A would amend Division D of P.L. 115-56 (the Continuing Appropriations Act, 2018) to, with certain exceptions, provide for the continuation through January 19, 2018, of the appropriations and authorities contained in the fiscal year 2017 appropriations acts, including Division A of P.L. 114-223, the Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2017; Division B of P.L. 114-254, the Security Assistance Appropriations Act, 2017; and Divisions A-L of P.L. 115-31, the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2017.

Division B of H.J. Res. 124 (Defense Appropriations) contains two subdivisions: Subdivision 1 contains the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2018, which would provide funding for the remainder of fiscal year 2018 to the Department of Defense. Subdivision 2 contains the Department of Defense Missile Defeat and Defense Enhancements Appropriations Act, 2018, which would provide additional supplemental appropriations for fiscal year 2018 to the Department of Defense for missile defense activities.

Except for the amounts shown within the jurisdiction of the Defense subcommittee, all of the amounts in Table 2 are shown on an annualized basis.

- Excludes amounts designated as funding for emergency requirements, overseas contingency operations, disaster relief, or program integrity efforts, and designated pursuant to section 251 of Deficit Control Act of 1985, or provided pursuant to sections 1001-1004 of the 21st Century Cures Act (P.L. 114-255).
- In fiscal year 2018, most discretionary budget authority is subject to limits as described in the Budget Control Act of 2011 (P.L. 112-25). In its *Sequestration Update Report: August 2017*, CBO estimated that those limits would total \$1,064,806 million—\$549,057 million for defense programs and \$515,749 million for nondefense programs.
- CBO estimates that if the levels of budget authority provided by P.L. 115-56 and other appropriations legislation were extended for the remainder of fiscal year 2018, the amount of discretionary budget authority provided for fiscal year 2018 would exceed the limit on defense programs by \$69,932 million and would exceed the limit on nondefense programs by \$3,715 million; extending those levels of funding for the duration of fiscal year 2018 would require a sequestration. However, section 101(2) of Division A of H.J.Res. 124 would nullify any potential sequestration ordered for defense programs in fiscal year 2018, and would delay any potential sequestration order for nondefense programs until 15 days after January 19, 2018. The authority to determine whether a sequestration is required and, if so, how to make the necessary cuts in budget authority rests with OMB.

Table 3. Supplemental Defense Appropriations for Fiscal Year 2018

December 16, 2017

CBO ESTIMATE FOR SUBDIVISION 2 OF DIVISION B OF H.J.RES. 124—DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE MISSILE DEFEAT AND DEFENSE ENHANCEMENTS APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2018, AS INTRODUCED

	Discretionary Spending by Fiscal Year, in Millions of Dollars										2018-	2018-
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2022	2027
Chapter 1—Department of Defense												
Operation and Maintenance												
Budget Authority	717	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	717	717
Estimated Outlays	250	82	19	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	355	356
Procurement												
Budget Authority	2,422	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,422	2,422
Estimated Outlays	241	406	419	138	36	9	6	1	0	0	1,240	1,256
Research, Development, Test and Evaluation												
Budget Authority	1,347	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,347	1,347
Estimated Outlays	310	271	51	21	7	0	0	0	0	0	660	660
Subtotal, Chapter 1												
Budget Authority	4,486	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,486	4,486
Estimated Outlays	801	759	489	162	44	10	6	1	0	0	2,255	2,272
Chapter 2—Department of Defense												
Military Construction												
Budget Authority	200	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	200	200
Estimated Outlays	2	18	40	50	40	24	10	4	2	0	150	190
Total												
Budget Authority	4,686	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,686	4,686
Estimated Outlays	803	777	529	212	84	34	16	5	2	0	2,405	2,462

Source: Congressional Budget Office.

Notes: Assumes enactment in December 2017.

Division B of H.J. Res. 124 contains two subdivisions: Subdivision 1 contains the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2018, which would provide funding for the remainder of fiscal year 2018 to the Department of Defense. Subdivision 2 contains the Department of Defense Missile Defeat and Defense Enhancements Appropriations Act, 2018, which would provide additional supplemental appropriations for fiscal year 2018 to the Department of Defense for missile defense activities.

All amounts provided in Subdivision 2 of Division B are designated as emergency requirements pursuant to 251(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985; the discretionary spending limits for fiscal year 2018 will be adjusted to accommodate those amounts.

**CBO ESTIMATE FOR DIVISIONS C AND D OF H.J.RES. 124—A JOINT RESOLUTION MAKING FURTHER
APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2018, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES, AS INTRODUCED**

	By Fiscal Year, in Millions of Dollars										2018-	2018-
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2022	2027
INCREASES OR DECREASES (-) IN DIRECT SPENDING												
Division C—CHAMPIONING HEALTH KIDS ACT												
Subdivision 1—CHAMPION Act												
Community Health Centers, National Health Service Corps, and Teaching Health Centers GME												
Estimated Budget Authority	4,047	4,037	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,083	8,083
Estimated Outlays	1,168	2,825	2,852	1,210	16	0	0	0	0	0	8,071	8,071
Special Diabetes Program												
Estimated Budget Authority	263	300	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	563	563
Estimated Outlays	76	233	198	42	9	4	0	0	0	0	558	563
Family-to-Family Health Information Centers												
Estimated Budget Authority	6	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	12
Estimated Outlays	3	5	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	12
Youth Empowerment Program and PREP												
Estimated Budget Authority	150	150	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	300	300
Estimated Outlays	5	69	122	74	18	0	0	0	0	0	288	288
QHP Grace Period												
Estimated Budget Authority	-262	-387	-394	-409	-424	-431	-447	-458	-463	-478	-1,876	-4,153
Estimated Outlays	-262	-387	-394	-409	-424	-431	-447	-458	-463	-478	-1,876	-4,153
Prevention and Public Health Fund												
Estimated Budget Authority	0	-400	-500	-500	-1,000	-500	-1,200	-1,250	-1,000	0	-2,400	-6,350
Estimated Outlays	0	-60	-193	-367	-548	-642	-779	-902	-1,045	-968	-1,168	-5,504
Subdivision 2—HEALTHY KIDS Act												
CHIP												
Estimated Budget Authority	14,704	11,210	12,828	13,498	14,304	-5,859	-4,756	0	0	0	66,545	55,930
Estimated Outlays	1,438	4,489	3,601	1,615	1,740	1,372	632	4	2	0	12,883	14,893
Medicaid DSH												
Estimated Budget Authority	1,356	2,275	0	-1,408	-1,003	-593	-349	-463	0	0	1,220	-185
Estimated Outlays	1,356	2,275	0	-1,408	-1,003	-593	-349	-463	0	0	1,220	-185
Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands Medicaid Payments												
Estimated Budget Authority	1,032	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,040	1,040
Estimated Outlays	796	241	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,040	1,040
Medicaid Third Party Liability												
Estimated Budget Authority	70	110	-160	-330	-520	-535	-555	-580	-605	-635	-830	-3,740
Estimated Outlays	70	110	-160	-330	-520	-535	-555	-580	-605	-635	-830	-3,740
Treatment of Lottery Winnings												
Estimated Budget Authority	-13	-27	-43	-61	-66	-70	-75	-80	-86	-91	-210	-612
Estimated Outlays	-13	-27	-43	-61	-66	-70	-75	-80	-86	-91	-210	-612
Medicare Premium Subsidies												
Estimated Budget Authority	-270	-380	-410	-470	-550	-600	-650	-740	-830	-880	-2,080	-5,780
Estimated Outlays	-270	-380	-410	-470	-550	-600	-650	-740	-830	-880	-2,080	-5,780
Subtotal Division C												
Budget Authority	21,083	16,902	11,321	10,320	10,741	-8,588	-8,032	-3,571	-2,984	-2,084	70,367	45,108
Estimated Outlays	4,367	9,393	5,580	-103	-1,328	-1,495	-2,223	-3,219	-3,027	-3,052	17,908	4,893
Division D—Other Matters												
Veterans Choice Fund												
Budget Authority	2,100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,100	2,100
Estimated Outlays	1,050	1,050	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,100	2,100
Total Changes in Direct Spending												
Estimated Budget Authority	23,183	16,902	11,321	10,320	10,741	-8,588	-8,032	-3,571	-2,984	-2,084	72,467	47,208
Estimated Outlays	5,417	10,443	5,580	-103	-1,328	-1,495	-2,223	-3,219	-3,027	-3,052	20,008	6,993

Continued

CBO ESTIMATE FOR DIVISIONS C AND D OF H.J.RES. 124—A JOINT RESOLUTION MAKING FURTHER APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2018, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES, AS INTRODUCED

Continued

INCREASES OR DECREASES (-) IN REVENUES												
Division C—CHAMPIONING HEALTHY KIDS ACT												
Subdivision 1—CHAMPION Act												
QHP Grace Period	34	65	68	71	74	77	79	80	83	86	313	717
Subdivision 2—HEALTHY KIDS Act												
CHIP	160	736	998	1,169	1,311	1,262	1,036	-1	0	0	4,374	6,671
Total Changes in Revenues	194	801	1,066	1,240	1,385	1,339	1,115	79	83	86	4,687	7,388
<i>On-Budget</i>	<i>139</i>	<i>551</i>	<i>728</i>	<i>843</i>	<i>940</i>	<i>913</i>	<i>766</i>	<i>79</i>	<i>83</i>	<i>86</i>	<i>3,202</i>	<i>5,128</i>
<i>Off-Budget^a</i>	<i>55</i>	<i>250</i>	<i>338</i>	<i>397</i>	<i>445</i>	<i>426</i>	<i>349</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>1,485</i>	<i>2,260</i>
NET INCREASE OR DECREASE (-) IN THE DEFICIT FROM CHANGES IN DIRECT SPENDING AND REVENUES												
Impact on the deficit	5,223	9,642	4,514	-1,343	-2,713	-2,834	-3,338	-3,298	-3,110	-3,138	15,321	-395
<i>On-Budget</i>	<i>5,278</i>	<i>9,892</i>	<i>4,852</i>	<i>-946</i>	<i>-2,268</i>	<i>-2,408</i>	<i>-2,989</i>	<i>-3,298</i>	<i>-3,110</i>	<i>-3,138</i>	<i>16,806</i>	<i>1,865</i>
<i>Off-Budget^a</i>	<i>-55</i>	<i>-250</i>	<i>-338</i>	<i>-397</i>	<i>-445</i>	<i>-426</i>	<i>-349</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>-1,485</i>	<i>-2,260</i>

Sources: Congressional Budget Office and staff of the Joint Committee on Taxation

Notes: Assumes enactment in December 2017.

Numbers may not add up to totals because of rounding; GME = Graduate Medical Education; PREP = Personal Responsibility Education Program; QHP = Qualified Health Plan; CHIP = Children's Health Insurance Program; DSH = payments to hospitals that treat a disproportionate share of uninsured and Medicaid patients.

Subtitle 1 of Division C, would extend funding for Community Health Centers and several other public health programs for two years, through 2019. It also would shorten the grace period for repaying delinquent premiums for people receiving subsidies for nongroup health insurance coverage and reduce funding available for the Prevention and Public Health Fund. Subtitle 2 of Division C would extend federal funding for the Children's Health Insurance Program for five years, increase Medicaid funding for Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands, and change policies that require other sources of health insurance coverage, or third parties, to pay claims before the Medicaid program. It also would modify payments to hospitals that treat a disproportionate share of uninsured and Medicaid patients and require states to count lottery winnings as income for purposes of determining Medicaid eligibility. Finally, it would make adjustments to Medicare premium subsidies for higher-income individuals.

Division D would provide \$2.1 billion, available until expended, to the Veterans Choice Fund.

a. All off-budget effects would come from changes in Social Security revenues.