

CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE COST ESTIMATE

July 27, 2018

H.R. 5385 Dr. Benjy Frances Brooks Children's Hospital GME Support Reauthorization Act of 2018

As passed by the U.S. House of Representatives on July 23, 2018

SUMMARY

H.R. 5385 would amend the Public Health Service Act to authorize payments to children's hospitals for operating training programs that provide graduate medical education (GME). H.R. 5385 would authorize the appropriation of \$325 million per year for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023 for those payments. CBO estimates that implementing the legislation would cost about \$1.5 billion over the 2019-2023 period, assuming appropriation of the authorized amounts.

Enacting H.R. 5385 would not affect direct spending or revenues; therefore, pay-as-you-go procedures do not apply.

CBO estimates that enacting H.R. 5385 would not increase net direct spending or on-budget deficits in any of the four consecutive 10-year periods beginning in 2029.

H.R. 5385 contains no intergovernmental or private-sector mandates as defined in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act (UMRA).

ESTIMATED COST TO THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

The estimated budgetary effect of H.R. 5385 is shown in the following table. The costs of the legislation fall within budget function 550 (health). For this estimate, CBO assumes that H.R. 5385 will be enacted near the start of 2019 and that the authorized amount will be appropriated for each year.

		By Fiscal Year, in Millions of Dollars					
	201	8 201	9 2020	2021	2022	2023	2019- 2023
INCREASES IN SPENDING SUBJECT TO APPROPRIATION							
Authorization Level Estimated Outlays		0 0 32 0 24		325 325	325 325	325 325	1,625 1,544

BASIS OF ESTIMATE

The Health Resources and Services Administration carries out a program that provides payments to children's hospitals that operate graduate medical education programs. Under H.R. 5385, payments would be made to such hospitals for both direct and indirect costs related to graduate medical education. Direct costs are those related to operating a medical education program, such as the salaries of medical students, while indirect costs are those intended to compensate hospitals for patient care costs that are expected to be higher in teaching hospitals than in non-teaching hospitals. The Congress appropriated about \$315 million for such activities for fiscal year 2018, the final year in which the program is authorized under current law.

H.R. 5385 would authorize the appropriation of \$105 million a year for 2019 through 2023 for payment toward the direct costs of graduate medical education in children's hospitals. Those funds would be awarded to eligible hospitals according to a formula that takes into account the number of residents each hospital employs and its cost per resident.

The legislation also would authorize the appropriation of \$220 million a year for 2019 through 2023 for payment toward the indirect costs of graduate medical education programs. Those payments would be made to hospitals on the basis of a formula that takes into account the hospital's number of discharges, the relative costliness of those discharges, the number of residents at the hospital, and the number of inpatient beds in the hospital complex.

Based on historical patterns of spending for the graduate medical education program, CBO estimates that implementing the legislation would cost about \$1.5 billion over the 2019-2023 period, assuming appropriation of the specified amounts.

PAY-AS-YOU-GO CONSIDERATIONS: None.

INCREASE IN LONG-TERM DIRECT SPENDING AND DEFICITS

CBO estimates that enacting H.R. 5385 would not increase net direct spending or on-budget deficits in any of the four consecutive 10-year periods beginning in 2029.

MANDATES

H.R. 5385 contains no intergovernmental or private-sector mandates as defined in UMRA.

PREVIOUS CBO ESTIMATE

On July 27, 2018, CBO transmitted a cost estimate for S. 2597 as reported by the Senate Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions on April 25, 2018. To provide payments to children's hospitals, S. 2597 would authorize the appropriation of \$330 million per year for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023, whereas H.R. 5385 would authorize the appropriation of \$325 million per year for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023.

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