

H.R. 5191, Runaway and H Act of 2019 As ordered reported by the House C		-				
By Fiscal Year, Millions of Dollars	2020	2020-2025	2020-2030			
Direct Spending (Outlays)	0	0	0			
Revenues	0	0	0			
Increase or Decrease (-) in the Deficit	0	0	0			
Spending Subject to Appropriation (Outlays)	0	1,232	not estimated			
Statutory pay-as-you-go procedures apply?	No	Mandate Effects				
Increases on-budget deficits in any of the four consecutive 10-year	No	Contains intergovernmental ma	andate? No			
periods beginning in 2031?	110	Contains private-sector manda	te? No			

H.R. 5191 would reauthorize and amend the Runaway and Homeless Youth Act. The bill would authorize the appropriation of \$300 million in 2021 and whatever amounts are necessary for fiscal years 2022 through 2025 for programs in that act, including the Runaway and Homeless Youth Program, the Service Connection for Youth on the Streets Program, and related activities. In 2020, the Department of Health and Human Services allocated \$132 million for those programs.

For this estimate, CBO assumes that H.R. 5191 will be enacted before the beginning of fiscal year 2021 and that the authorized and estimated amounts will be appropriated beginning in 2021. For years 2022 through 2025, CBO estimated the authorization amount by increasing the amount authorized in the bill for 2021 using projected inflation rates in CBO's March 2020 baseline. Estimated outlays are based on historical spending patterns. On that basis, CBO estimates that implementing the bill would cost \$1,232 million over the 2020-2025 period.

The costs of the legislation, detailed in Table 1, fall within budget function 500 (education, training, employment, and social services).



Table 1. Estimated Increases in Spending Subject to Appropriation Under H.R. 5191										
	By Fiscal Year, Millions of Dollars									
-	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2020-2025			
Estimated Authorization Estimated Outlays	0 0	300 29	307 269	313 301	320 313	327 320	1,567 1,232			

Most of the provisions of H.R. 5191 contain no intergovernmental or private-sector mandates as defined in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act (UMRA). CBO has not reviewed Section 9(f) of H.R. 5191 for intergovernmental or private-sector mandates because section 4 of UMRA excludes from the application of that act any legislative provisions that would establish or enforce statutory rights prohibiting discrimination. CBO has determined that this provision falls within that exclusion because it would extend protections against discrimination based on race, color, religion, sex, national origin, or disability.

The CBO staff contacts for this estimate are Jennifer Gray (for federal costs) and Andrew Laughlin (for mandates). The estimate was reviewed by H. Samuel Papenfuss, Deputy Director of Budget Analysis.