

**CBO's Estimate of the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Effects of H.R. 1830, the National Purple Heart Commemorative Coin Act, as Passed by the Senate on November 16, 2020**

	By Fiscal Year, Millions of Dollars										2021- 2025	2021- 2030
	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030		
	<b>Net Increase or Decrease (-) in the Deficit</b>											
Pay-As-You-Go Effects	0	-5	-2	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	<b>0</b>

The Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010 establishes budget-reporting and enforcement procedures for legislation affecting direct spending or revenues. The net changes to outlays that are subject to those procedures are shown here.

H.R. 1830 could increase offsetting receipts by as much as \$9.5 million if the Mint sells the maximum number of commemorative \$5, \$1, and half-dollar coins authorized in the legislation. However, based on the production of similar coins, CBO estimates offsetting receipts would total \$7 million over the 2022–2023 period. The amounts would be spent in 2025.

On September 17, 2019, CBO transmitted a [cost estimate for H.R. 1830](#) as introduced on March 18, 2019. The two bills are identical except for the calendar year in which the coins would be authorized for production. That difference is reflected in each cost estimate.

Staff Contact: Matthew Pickford