CBO's Estimate of the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Effects of H.R. 2878, Native VetSuccess at Tribal Colleges and Universities Pilot Program Act, as posted to the website of the House Majority Leader, dated May 12, 2021 at 2:24 p.m.

	By Fiscal Year, Millions of Dollars											0004	0004
	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2021- 2026	2021- 2031
Net Increase or Decrease (-) in the Deficit													
Pay-As-You-Go													
Effect	150	45	15	-45	0	0	0	0	0	0	-170	167	-1

Components may not sum to totals due to rounding.

The Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010 establishes budget-reporting and enforcement procedures for legislation affecting direct spending or revenues. The net changes in outlays that are subject to those procedures are shown here.

The bill would make a number of changes to programs affecting education and housing benefits for veterans.

- Section 3 would change annual funding limits for the Veteran Employment through Technology Education Courses pilot program. Specifically, the section would increase amounts variably for each year 2019 through 2023, allow funding for past years to be spent in 2021, and decrease the amount for 2024.
- Section 4 would allow students using the Post-9/11 GI Bill to enroll in an extra course during their final academic term to continue receiving a monthly housing allowance, increasing spending by a significant amount over multiple years.
- Section 5 would increase several of the fees paid by borrowers obtaining home loans guarantee by the Department of Veteran Affairs (VA) in 2031.
- Section 6 would authorize the VA to sell or lease department-owned properties, acquired via foreclosure on guaranteed home loans, at
 a discount for the benefit of homeless veterans. That change would increase the subsidy cost for extant mortgages, which is recorded
 upon enactment.

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