

H.R. 7622, Small Business Workforce Pipeline Act of 2022 As passed by the House of Representatives on June 8, 2022			
By Fiscal Year, Millions of Dollars	2022	2022-2027	2022-2032
Direct Spending (Outlays)	0	0	0
Revenues	0	0	0
Increase or Decrease (-) in the Deficit	0	0	0
Spending Subject to Appropriation (Outlays)	0	46	not estimated
Statutory pay-as-you-go procedures apply?	No	Mandate Effects	
Increases on-budget deficits in any of the four consecutive 10-year	No	Contains intergovernmental m	andate? No
periods beginning in 2033?		Contains private-sector manda	ate? No

H.R. 7622 would require Small Business Development Centers (SBDCs) to help small businesses establish and improve work-based learning opportunities, pre-apprenticeship and apprenticeship programs, and job training programs. Under current law, the SBDC program, administered by the Small Business Administration (SBA), awards grants to centers that counsel and train current and prospective small-business owners. In 2022, the Congress appropriated \$138 million for the SBDC program.

Using information from the SBA, CBO expects that the SBA would award grants to lead SBDCs to support an additional 63 counselors annually (at a cost of \$160,000 per employee) to manage work-based learning opportunities at each lead center. Based on historical spending patterns, and accounting for anticipated inflation, CBO estimates that implementing H.R. 7622 would cost \$46 million over the 2023-2027 period, assuming appropriation of the estimated amounts.

The costs of the legislation, detailed in Table 1, fall within budget function 370 (commerce and housing credit).

Table 1. Estimated Increases in Spending Subject to Appropriation Under H.R. 7622 By Fiscal Year, Millions of Dollars 2022-2027 **Estimated Authorization Estimated Outlays**

The CBO staff contact for this estimate is David Hughes. The estimate was reviewed by H. Samuel Papenfuss, Deputy Director of Budget Analysis.